COMPLEX CASES

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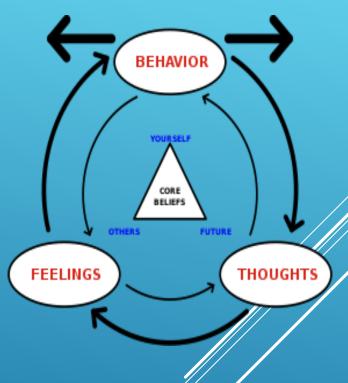
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Tina Nadeau, Chief Justice, NH Superior Court



CHECKLIST FOR STAFFING AND RESPONSES

- WHO are they? (risk and need)
- ▶ WHERE are they in the program?
- WHICH behaviors are we responding to? Are they proximal or distal?
- ▶ WHAT is the response choice magnitude?
- > HOW do we deliver the response and explain it?
- ▶ Is there also a **TREATMENT** response?
- ➤ Are we using a **CLIENT CENTERED** approach?



WHAT ABOUT?

- New charges
- Probation term running out before completion of Drug Court
- Anger management issues (Client unwilling to address)
- Long time absconding
- Refusal to use MAT
- > Tampering with urine sample
- ▶ Uber ride, several stops
- Unauthorized relationship
- Leaving Treatment



COMPLEX CASE NO. 1

Severe Substance Use Disorder, Trauma Challenges with Cannabis

- > 40 year old male
- Severe substance use disorder Meth, Fentanyl, Cocaine,
 Cannabis
- > 7 years in and out of prison, reports over 100 arrests starting at age13
- Living in a tent for first 6 months of DC
- ▶ No longer using Meth, Fentanyl, Cocaine
- > 349 days in phase 1 because still testing positive for cannabis

CANNABIS



- Physical and sexual abuse by parent
- Grew up in poverty, was homeless and lived on streets for 10 years
- Was chronically bullied in school
- Stabbed twice as a teenager
- Several attempts at suicide starting at age 13
- Trauma compounded in prison

CANNABIS – TRAUMA



- Participant WANTS to stop using cannabis
- Says the last 8 months best of his life, first time feels hope
- Uses once every two weeks for sleep/anxiety/ADHD
- Feels guilt and shame for using, always reports use
- ▶ Team has used "stop using cannabis" workbook twice
- Participant reluctant to engage in trauma specific treatment for past several months
- Clinician reports "just starting to scratch the surface" of trauma

CANNABIS



- > Sanctions?
- Treatment adjustment?
- ▶ Education?
- Let it go and promote?
- Would your analysis be different if participant did not want to stop using cannabis?

CANNABIS - WWYD?



COMPLEX CASE NO. 2

Participant struggling with medication compliance

- Participant released from lengthy prison sentence into DC
- Early on struggling with meeting requirements; missed treatment; occasionally missed UAs; missed CM
- All UAs attended, P negative for illicit substances
- > Participant also prescribed Adderall for ADHD

EARLY PARTICIPATION



- Participant in Phase 2 for several months and has stagnated
- Living in sober housing
- Working for recovery center that provided the housing
- Discharged from sober living; P had own medications in dresser
- Empty prescription bottle for another person
- House manager found empty Adderall capsules

PHASE 2

The first step toward success is taken when you refuse to be a captive of the environment in which you first find yourself.



- P admitted to taking extra Adderall; stress of losing housing
- Saw nothing wrong with actions; continued with criminal thinking
- Appeared at CM for med count without meds
- Instructed to bring to next appointment
- P did so, and left early for work; leaving meds behind with CM
- ▶ Later claimed CM or other member of TC of stealing meds

HOM 10 HANDIES

COMPLEX CASE NO. 3

Complex PTSD, other significant MH issues; misdiagnosis?

Risk Assessment tool: ORAS - scored High

- ▶ Needs Assessment tools: DAST-20 and the GAIN SS .30
 - High Need, High risk of relapse

ASSESSMENT

ASSESSMENT

- Methamphetamine Use Disorder, Severe
- Opioid Use Disorder, Severe
- > ADHD, Moderate
- Generalized Anxiety Disorder
- Complex PTSD
- *Collaborative Dx: Bipolar Disorder Type II and Borderline Personality Disorder



DIAGNOSIS

- Emotional abuse and neglect from father
- Emotional neglect from mother
- Sexual abuse from relative
- Sexual trauma from police
- Physical violence in relationships
- > Physical violence in prison



TRAUMA HISTORY

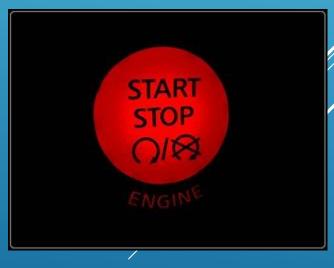
- ▶ 49-year-old female, entered DC on 4/26/2022
- Served 30 days up front
- Felony theft charges
- Early onset of substance use Percocet tablets at age 14
- Primary substances Oxycodone, heroin (inhalant), methamphetamines
- Criminal history theft, prescription forgery, reckless conduct and drug charges
- ▶ High School diploma

CASE STUDY



- ► Entered DC upon release from jail **5/22/22**
- Received stable housing
- Assessed IOP
- Attended DC 6/20/22 received \$10 gift card for "doing well"
- Sept. 2022 alcohol TCH use, delay phase advancement
- 9/22/22 client advised to attend IOP (outside provider); in person treatment w/MLADAC; see DNP for meds
- 10/10/22 attended DC and received \$10 gift card for "doing well"
- Detox completed 10/27/22 11/14/22
- ▶ 11/17/22 completed MRT Phase 2, gift card, spin of wheel

PHASE 1

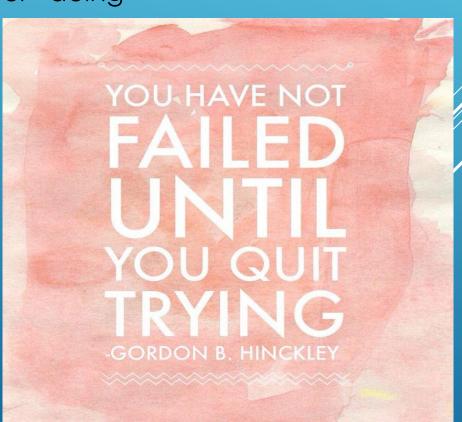


- Attended court 12/10/22 verbal praise
- Negative UAs until 1/17/23 (alcohol); 1/24/23 (THC)
- Essay; 30 day delay in phase advancement
- Started IOP w/different outside provider
- Attended court 1/20/23; spin wheel, verbal praise for "doing

well"

- Started sublocade (but picking at injection site)
- Client visiting different prescribers for Adderall

PHASE 2

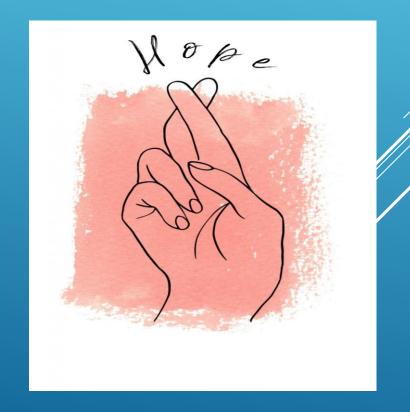


- 2/23/23 Pos (fentanyl); ordered to treatment group; 30-day delay in phase advancement
- Client resistant to meeting w/providers
- 2/28/2023 ordered to stay w/current provider; DNP to discuss medication management
- 2 hours of community service; missed probation
- > 3/16/23 Pos (fentanyl); 30-day delay in phase advancement
- Detox for inpatient care; continuous use
- Detox 3/20/23 to 4/13/23; fentanyl use on discharge; 30-day delay in phase advancement
- Care and Concern meeting
- 5/11/23 4-day jail sanction; dishonesty; continued use (fentanyl, methamphetamines).
- Client obtaining medications from peers

- > 5/23/2023 Client threaten suicide, verbal abusive to CM
- ► 5/24/2023 Program Coordinator, CM file Invol. Emerg. Addmis.
- 5/25/2023 Admitted to treatment; 30-day delay in phase advancement
- Client requested discharged after 30 days; denied
- Client requested prescription for Sublocade, DC DNP denied (picking) suggested Vivitrol
- Non-DC provider prescribed Sublocade
- DC DNP stopped services
- > 7/12/23 Discharged from treatment; no insurance



- > 7/13/23 Team instructs client to attend IOP with third provider
- Two individual sessions weekly (SUD and MH)
- Provider emphasized need for meetings; women's group
- > **7/20/23** Phase 3
- Instructed to engage PCP
- Incentives Gift Certificate, spin wheel



- ▶ 8/10/23 Client missed UA; 5 days no contact
- GPS placed on client
- ▶ 8/26/23 Client missed UA
- > 8/31/23 Client missed court; went to dentist despite instructions
- Warrant issued
- At PD, ripped of GPS
- ▶ Threaten suicide; banging head against wall
- > 9/7/23 missed court citing medical issues

PHASE 3



COMPLEX CASE NO. 4

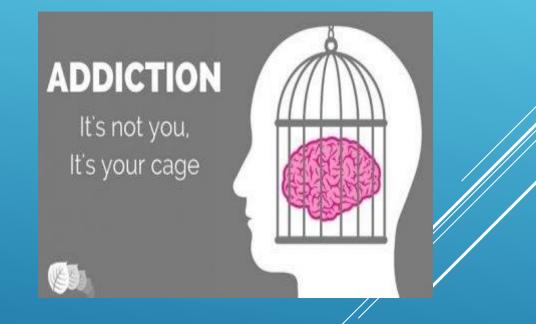
Consistent Lack of Program Compliance, New Charges ▶ Risk Assessment tool: ORAS - scored High

Needs Assessment tools: DAST, SASSI, AUDIT, PHQ-9, SASSI, V-RISK-10 – High Need

ASSESSMENT



- Methamphetamine Use Disorder, Severe
- Opioid Use Disorder, Severe
- > ADHD, Moderate
- Generalized Anxiety Disorder
- ▶ Trauma
 - ▶ History of emotional abuse from father
 - Sexual abuse from relative



DIAGNOSIS

- > 35 year old male entered DC on 11/23/2021
- Charges:
 - Possession x3
 - Violation of Probation
 - Delivery of Contraband into Correctional Facility
 - False Report to LE, and Resisting Arrest
- THC age 14; Cocaine age 18; Primary substance Methamphetamine; secondary Fentanyl
- Criminal history: DV, 2nd Degree Assault, property crimes, and drug charges.
- ▶ Highest grade completed was 11th (no GED).



CASE STUDY

- Assessed for IOP upon release from jail
- Consistent use (methamphetamine) throughout first month
- LOC was increased to PHP and then to residential
- Multiple unexcused absences for treatment, Case Management, Probation, and UA's.
- Fentanyl use the 3rd week after program entry
- Client declined referrals for all forms of MAT on multiple occasions.



- Arrested for breach of bail one month after program entry:
 violation of a restraining order
- Three weeks later, client failed to appear for DC session warrant
- Client arrested 27 days later; held in jail for 30 days due to non-DC related bail
- Client released and returned to DC

 Agreed to: MAT, move into sober living, attend and engage in IOP



- Client scheduled to enter sober living twice; failed to report
- Client moved in with parents and obtained employment with a landscaping company
- Also completed IOP then outpatient groups (relapse prevention).
- Client phased up to phase 2
- Reported methamphetamine use the next day
- Client failed to report for treatment and case management; discontinued medication assisted treatment
- ▶ LOC increased to PHP



- Client charged with criminal threating
- Client served short jail sanction; directed to probation for GPS monitor
- Client failed to report; tampered with a UA in the same week
- After another short jail sanction, client complied with GPS requirement
- Substance use continued; again referred to higher LOC

 Before started PHP, arrested for Receiving Stolen Property (motor vehicle)



- Client completed small team case conference (intervention meeting) and admitted to sober living
- Was removed two days later; he provided door codes to non-residents
- Arrested again for receiving stolen property (motor vehicle).
- Three days later client arrested for possession and receiving stolen property (\$8000 bicycle)
- ▶ Team recommends termination



- Full range of sanctions and incentives
- Intervention meetings: care and concern meeting and small team case conference
- Co-occurring services of PHP, IOP, Outpatient Groups, Individual Therapy sessions, and case management sessions
- 8.5 months in the program

INCENTIVES, SANCTIONS, THERAPEUTIC ADJUSTMENTS



COMPLEX CASE NO. 5

- Stimulant Use Disorder Cocaine Type, Severe
- Stimulant Use Disorder Amphetamine Type, Severe
- ▶ Cannabis Use Disorder, Severe
- Disorder, Moderate, in early remission
- > Alcohol Use Disorder, Moderate

DIAGNOSIS



- 26 year old South East Asian male
- Daily alcohol use in high school
- By 21 drinking 1-2 fifths of vodka daily
- Sophomore year began crushing and sniffing Vicodin and Percocet
- At age 23 using heroin and fentanyl
- Heavy cannabis use began freshman year and continues (not at work)
- Sporadic use of cocaine in high school, became more regular at age 22 when he was in prison.
- Uses Adderall to "energize" himself

SUBSTANCE USE HISTORY



- Mental health diagnosis
 - ▶ Bi Polar Disorder Reports hearing voices
 - > ADHD
 - Depression
 - Anxiety, Panic disorder
- ► Two prior in-patient admissions
- ▶ IOP year before DC
- Sporadic pain from damaged nerves following a car accident where he was hit while riding a bike

TREATMENT HISTORY (BEFORE DC)



- Struggled in High School (ADHD) but graduated
- Attended one year of Adult Vocational Education but did not complete
- Strong family support Mother, father, two siblings (physical discipline, mother possible mental health issues)
- ▶ Has a 3 ½ year old with autism

Currently holds two jobs; UPS and construction – Employers

are supportive

SOCIAL SUPPORT

- Participation and testing negative
- Samples positive for Cannabis first 21 days in program
- Employed
- Referral for psychiatric intake

PHASE 1 – 41 DAYS



- Episodic tardiness and missed DC obligations
- Testing Negative for 3 months then single pos ETG/ETS without report
- 2-3 Months into Phase team is concerned client using nitrous oxide (increased anxiety, life frustrations, unable to keep jobs)
- Multiple minor accidents as the single driver
- Client repeatedly denies use of nitrous oxide
- In Month 5 of the phase random search of truck reveals full of nitrous canisters (100's)

PHASE 2 – 294 DAYS



- Another 3 months then several pos for ETG/ETS and Cocaine over two-week period without report
- Team is now concerned with previous reported TBI and possible brain impairment (nitrous use.)
- Team works on referral for initial testing
- Barrier: Evaluator needs 4-6 months of non-impairment for accurate eval
- Care and Care meeting, Small team Case Conference, Large Team case conversation



- Making DC obligations; participating in treatment
- Continued concern client using nitrous
- Psychiatrist discontinued medications because client not taking consistently
- Later in phase began missing DC obligations
- Cyclical gaining and losing employment
- Client denies nitrous use
- Has a new relationship
- Now testing positive for cocaine without report. Claims possible from girlfriend
- Reports his memory is gone. Does not remember use of cocaine or alcohol or what he did.

PHASE 3 – 164 DAYS (CURRENT)

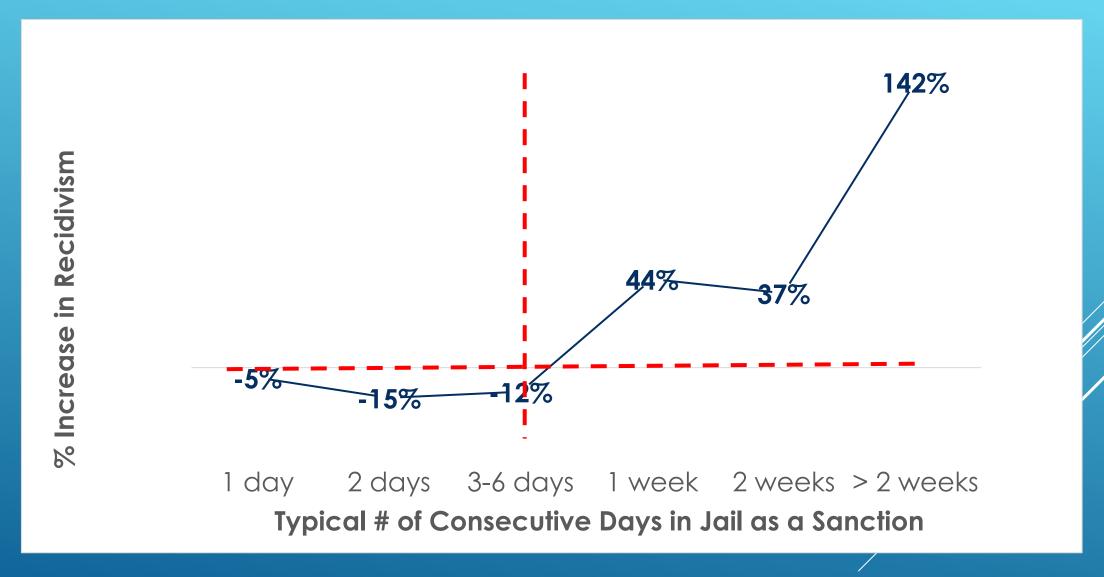
- Team adjust curfew and adds GPS. Increase supervision checks.
- Client continues to improve. Sill testing sporadically for Cocaine without report.
- Receives a jail sanction for pos test without report (graduated sanction).
- Client has called girlfriend telling her to park the car wherever she is at and clean it.
- > Still pursuing testing for TBI and impairment on wait list. Psychiatrist restarts his medication on week to week basis.
- Probation conducts a check of vehicle and searches phone.
 Client is using nitrous regularly, purchasing Mushrooms in large quantities

- Some of the team members want termination
- Others want to use jail time to get client TBI evaluation and Brain functioning to assess if client needs a specific type of treatment
- ▶ Is this just criminal behavior



TEAM QUESTIONS

Courts That Typically Impose Jail Longer Than 6 Days Have <u>Higher</u> Recidivism



NPC Research: Carey, Mackin & Finigan, 2012

Courtesy of Shannon Carey

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GOOD LUCK OUT THERE!

Thank you

